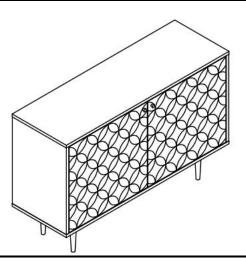
# **ASSEMBLY & PRODUCT CARE**

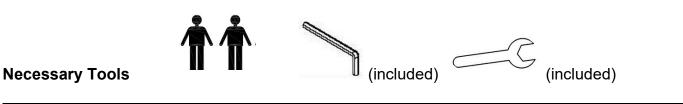
2 Door Cabinet Grey/Oak White/Pink/Blue/Mint/Oak Grey 5059413685743/5059413685736/5059413685750/5059413685767 /5059413685774/50559413685743

Thank you for purchasing this PRODUCT. Please read the instructions carefully before use to ensure safe and satisfactory operation of this product.



## **Pre-assembly preparation**

Please ensure instructions are read in full before attempting to assemble this product



Please check the pack contents before attempting to assemble this product. A full checklist of components is given in this leaflet. If any components are missing, please contact the retailer from whom you bought this product.

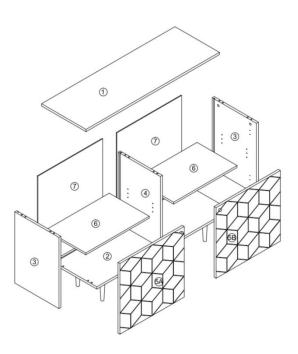
This product is **HEAVY**, it should be assembled as near as possible to the point of use. **TAKE CARE WHEN LIFTING** to avoid personal injury and (or) damage to the product.

This product takes approximately 60 **MINUTES** to assemble with **2 PEOPLE**.

The fittings pack contains **SMALL ITEMS** which should be **KEPT AWAY FROM YOUNG CHILDREN**.

## Fittings and parts checklist

Part	Description	Qty	
1	Top Panel	1	
2	Bottom Panel	1	
3	Side Panels	2	
4	Vertical Panels	1	
5A	5A Door Panels		
5B	Door Panels	1	
6	6 Movable Shelves		
7	7 Back Panels		
8	8 Oak Legs		
9	9 Oak Legs		



Fixing	Description	Size	Image	Qty
A	Cam Locks	Ø15X12	<b>B</b>	12
В	Tie Rods	M6X35		12
С	Wooden Cork	ø8X40	-	12
D	Self-tapping Screws	M3.5X15	81	36
E	Stickers	Ø21	0	4

F	Hinges	62X110	and the second s	4	
G	Screws	M8X10		4	
н	Flat Washers	Ø16XM6X1.5	0	16	
I	Allen Key	M5		1	
J	Shelf Supports	11X15	Ø	8	
к	Screws	M6X15	ê)mma	16	
L	Back Clamps	15X18	B	8	
м	Metal Fittings	68X68X6		4	
N	Handles	20X33	8	2	
0	Screws	M4x25		2	
Р	Spring Washer	M6		16	

## Anti-Tip Kit Hardwares

Fixing	Description	Size	Image	Qty
A	Wall Bracket	19X43		4
В	Cable Tie	11X251	$\int$	2

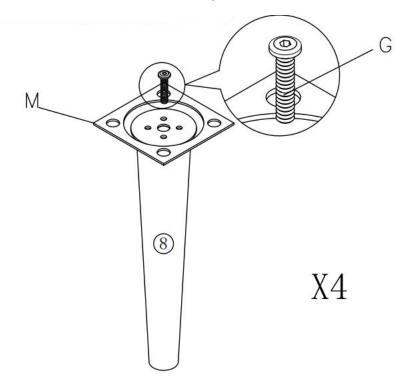
		100100								1000					
ò	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15

## Step by step assembly instructions

IMPORTANT: To avoid damage to the parts, tighten fixings by hand only

## Step One

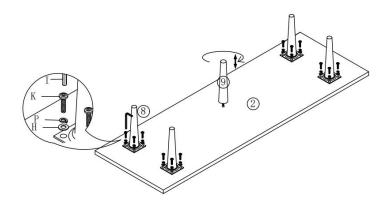
Take out part 8 and M, connect part M and part 8, and fix it to the middle hole with G as shown.Use the same procedure for the other legs



## Step Two

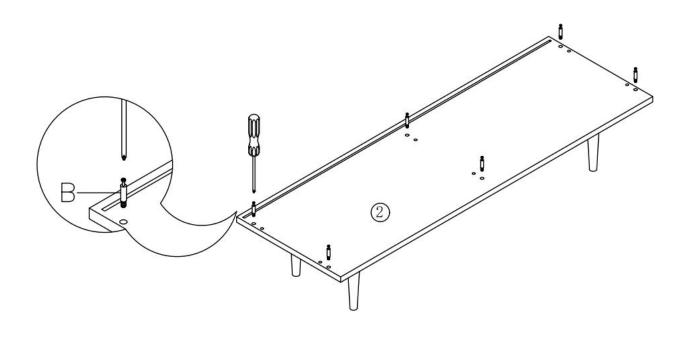
With bottom panel (2) upside down on clean surface, position the assembled legs and fix to the panel using parts KPH with part I, part 9 fix in the middle hole of part 2, as shown in figure below.

**IMPORTANT:** We would advise that at this stage the top remains inside the original packaging or lay onto a clean carpet or banket to avoid damage to the surface.



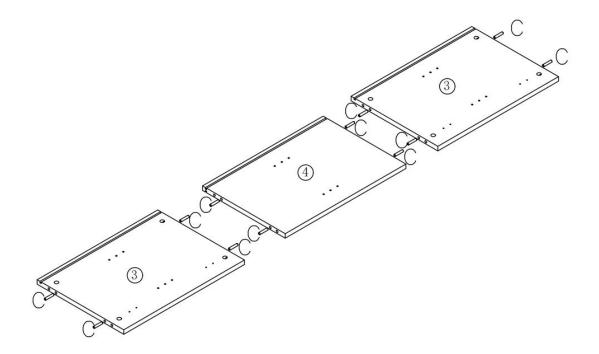
## Step Three

Turn over the assembled part, as shown in the picture below, install part B into the corresponding hole with a screwdriver



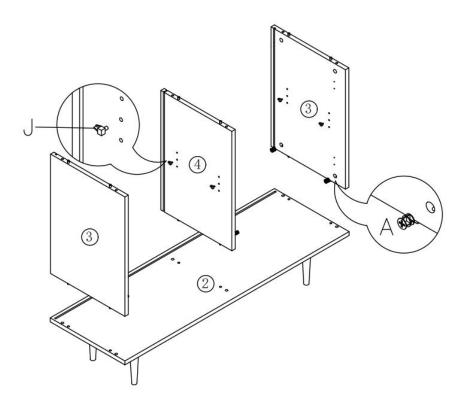
## Step Four

Insert 12 wooden corks (C) into corresponding holes in the part 3 and 4.



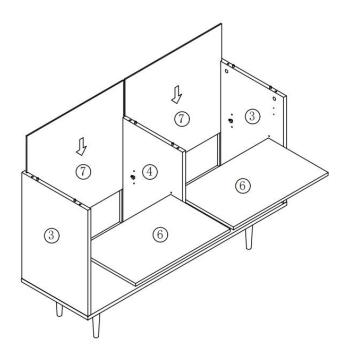
### Step Five

Take out part 3 and part 4 to install it on the assembled step 3, as shown. Fix part A to the bottom corresponding hole with screwdriver and tighten it 80%. Then, Install part J into the hole of part 3 and 4 in the middle position



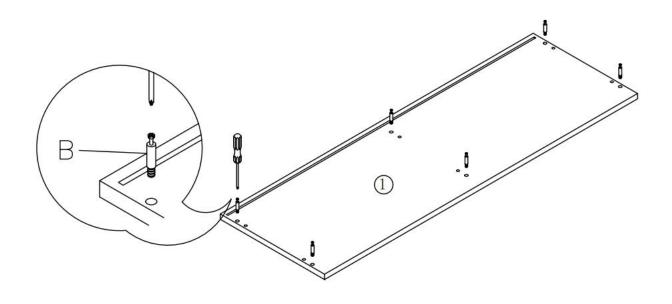
## **Step Six**

Install parts 7 and parts 6 as shown



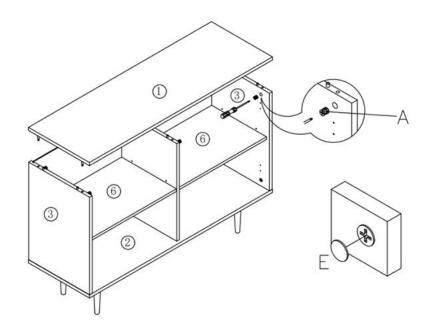
## **Step Seven**

Place part 1 on a clean surface and install part B into the corresponding hole with a screwdriver



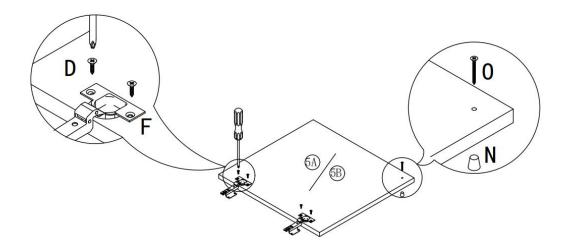
## **Step Eight**

Install the assembled step 7 onto the assembled step 6 and fix part A to the top corresponding hole with screwdriver and tighten it 100% and the 100% tighten the bottom part A .Then, part E stick on part A



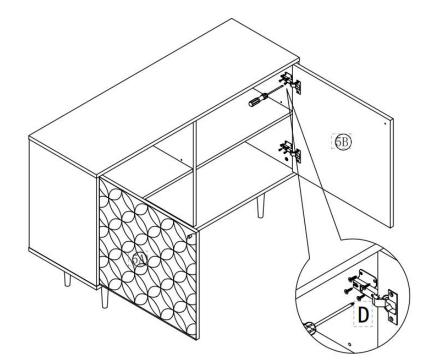
### Step Nine

Take out part 5A and 5B and place them on a clean surface, place part F into the corresponding hole, and secure part D into the corresponding hole by using a screwdriver.Part O and N are Connected



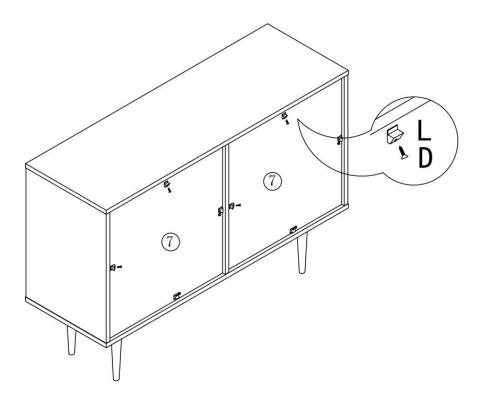
## Step Ten

Secure the holes corresponding to Step 8 and part 3, and fix part D into the corresponding Hole by using a screwdriver



## Step Eleven

Connect part L to the side of the cabinet, and fix part D to L by using a screwdriver

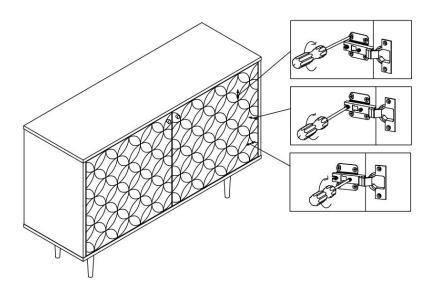


## Step Twelve

Adjust the height of the cabinet door by loosening the screws on the top and bottom of the clipThis adjustment

involves two screws, one to the top and one to the bottom of the clip. Raise or lower the cabinet door until it is properly

positioned, then re-tighten the screws to hold the doorin place..



## Step Thirteen

Secure the console to the wall using the anti-topple kit provided, following the instructions detailed below. When fitted properly, the device will not be visible during general product use. The anti topple kit may be in the style of either shown below

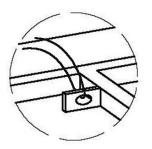
**IMPORTANT:** Securing your furniture to the wall with this kit will prevent injury/property damage from unexpected tipping of furniture, particularly to avoid serious injury to children.

**IMPORTANT:** The device must be fitted to this product in accordance with the following parts: 1 x plastic cable tie, 1 x plastic wall bracket.

**IMPORTANT:** Fittings into the wall are not included. You will need to choose screws/fittings which are appropriate for securing the device to the type of walls you have. If you are unsure what wall fixing you require, please seek professional advice. The anti-topple device must not be modified or altered in any way.

## Type 1 – Pre fitted metal tab

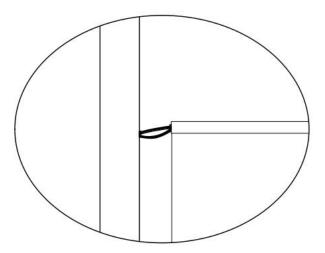
1. Position your furniture in desired location in your home. Take the plastic cable tie and feed through loop hole provided under the table frame



2. Then feed the wall bracket onto the cable tie and press bracket firmly onto the wall flat.

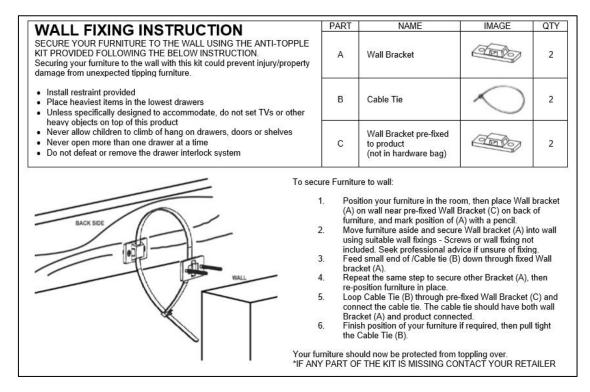
3. Mark with a pencil through the bracket holes onto the wall where the wall fixings will need to be inserted. Temporarily move furniture from wall and prepare necessary screw holes into your wall.

4. Fit the plastic wall bracket firmly to your wall using suitable wall fixings. Replace furniture back to your desired position, then attach cable tie through wall bracket and frame firmly. It should look like the below diagram.



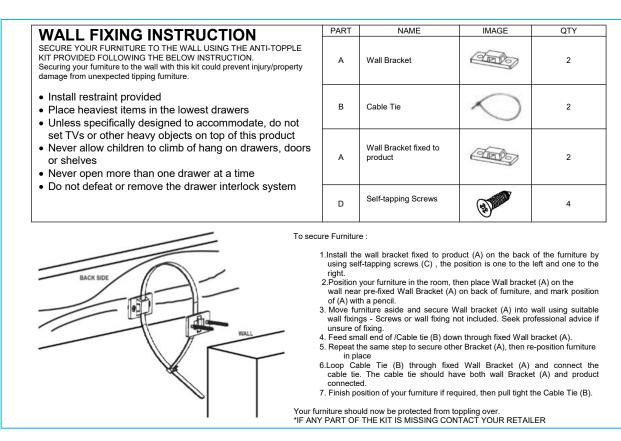
Your furniture is now safe to use in your home.

## Type 2 – Plastic bracket – may need to be fitted



Your furniture is now safe to use in your home.

## Type 3 – Plastic bracket – may need to be fitted



Your furniture is now safe to use in your home. Finish.

## Safety Instructions

#### **General Information**

- Furniture can be dangerous if incorrectly installed. Assembly should be carried out by a competent person. No liability will be accepted for damage or injury caused by incorrectly installed or assembled furniture.
- Please take care when handling or moving the furniture as careless handling may cause damage or injury.
- IMPORTANT: If an Anti-topple device is included with your furniture item you must install it in accordance with the instructions provided using fixings suitable for the wall type. If unsure, please seek advice of a professional.

#### **Moving Furniture**

- Never drag furniture when moving it, always lift it.
- When lifting or moving a table always do so from under frame and not the table top.
- Periodically check all fixings to ensure none have come loose and re-tighten where necessary.
- It is recommended that before moving heavy objects to a new location they are completely dis-assembled to avoid personal injury or damage to the furniture. Please be careful to retain all fittings when doing this.

#### Load Caution

- Never overload an item such as a shelf that may be beyond what the shelf is reasonably expected to hold.
- Please do not sit or place an amount of weight onto the edge of a tabletop as this may cause the table to topple.
- Single Chairs/Arm Chairs are designed for sitting one person only. Sit whilst supporting your back only at a resting position. If any parts are missing or damaged, please stop using chair until parts are replaced.

#### DO NOT USE CHAIRS TO STAND ON

#### DO NOT ROCK OR TOPPLE CHAIR BACKWARDS OR FORWARDS USING ONLY TWO LEGS

If your furniture requires assembly, put all screws into place before tightening each one gradually in sequence. This is important to ensure that all the bolts line up correctly to start wit

## **Care and Maintenance**

#### Foam Upholstery Cleaners / Cotton & Linen

- Always read the label of the product you are using if it is compatible to the fabric, consult a professional if unsure
- You should be able to clean most cotton / linen fabrics yourself, but there are always exceptions so it's best to test a discrete area first, again if unsure consult professional upholstery cleaner.
- Vacuum the upholstery to remove any dust, loose dirt, crumbs or pet hair. Remove any leftover pet hair with a sticky roller lint remover. It is important to remove every bit of loose dirt and pet hair to expose the fabric surface to the cleaning agent.
- Spray a small area of your upholstery with foam upholstery cleaner following the product instructions. It is advised to test a discrete area first to ensure that the upholstery cleaner will not damage the fabric. With most upholstery sprays, you spray them on, and take a damp sponge and spread the foam evenly on the fabric. Allow it to dry completely, and then vacuum.
- Tips & Warnings:
  - Spot clean any serious stains first and then continue to clean the entire piece of furniture with the upholstery cleaner. Again, follow the foam upholstery cleaner's directions of spraying on, spreading, drying and vacuuming. Stain-resistant finish sprays extend the life of your upholstery. You may want to consider applying a stain-resistant finish to your furniture when it is new. Keep your furniture out of direct sunlight because it will fade the fabric.
  - Extreme amounts of water / moisture are harmful to the fabric and will destroy it by loosening the weave and giving a baggy appearance.

#### **Cleaning Velvets**

- Velvet is a very delicate material, which requires special care as it can be easily damaged.
- Velvet is a very luxurious fabric, which isn't easy to maintain. If not properly cleaned, its fabric can be crushed and damaged. Velvet made from synthetic materials is easier for cleaning. Follow the advice and tips presented below to avoid damaging the smooth surface of your velvet upholster.
- Vacuum clean your upholstered furniture with the attachment designed for furniture. Make sure you collect all the loose fiber's (i.e. dust, feathers, hair) from your upholstered furniture, running it back and forth until the excess disappears from your velvet furniture.
- Examine the pile of your velvet upholstery by running your hand from back to front, if its smooth this is the direction of the pile, brush it in this direction using a soft brush. If you want to remove stains from your velvet upholstered furniture, you should make the stain dry by applying a soft clean cloth on it to absorb any liquid. Don't apply too much pressure as this can crush the fibers. Continue removing the stain by making a cleaning solution. For it you will need only a little quantity of warm water and some drops of dish-wash detergent. Stir and shake this solution until suds occur. Apply the suds ONLY onto the stain carefully. You can also use a dry cleaning product to remove the stain (any good hardware store, read the manufacturer's instructions carefully!). After you clean the stain, let it dry well and brush it in the same direction as the pile until the velvet returns to its normal appearance.
- A steam cleaner is perfect for removing stains, dirt and debris, disinfecting the velvet fabric, without leaving any damage to it. This process is best performed by a professional.

#### How to care for Leather & Faux Leathers

- Always use reputable leather cleaning products and follow the manufacturer's recommended instructions. Regular wiping with a damp, soft cloth is often enough to keep a leather sofa looking pristine.
- Vacuum your leather sofa regularly, to remove dust and dirt, especially along the stitch lines.
- Keeping your leather seating at least 50cm from a heat source will help to avoid the leather cracking.
- Spilt liquid should be blotted immediately with a dry cloth or kitchen paper until it is dry, do not rub the area as this could cause discoloration or damage to the finish.
- Avoid overexposing your furniture to sunlight, it will help to prevent colour fading.
- Beware of sharp objects that could tear, cut, or scratch leather.

#### How to care for Wood

- Furniture with a hard lacquer, wax polish or painted surface should be dusted with a dry cloth.
- Waxed furniture will need to be given a coat of beeswax a couple of times a year to help maintain its lustre.
- Spray polishes are best avoided as they contain silicones which may spoil the furniture's surface by building up over time.
- Make sure all surfaces are protected from heat and liquids by mats and coasters. Wipe up spills immediately and ensure that a mat or pad is placed under paper if you are writing. Do not leave liquids to settle on the surface as this will damage the finish.
- Extendable dining tables should be left extended for the first few months to avoid an uneven appearance. Likewise, lamps and ornaments should also be moved regularly.
- Furniture will endure most temperatures in the home but it is best to avoid placing furniture next to heat sources such as radiators or fires. Be particularly careful with solid wood as the lack of humidity caused by central heating can cause damage such as warping.

#### How to care for Painted Wood finishes - additional information

- Hand painted brush stroke finish's will hold up to everyday wear and tear quite nicely. However, it is important to remember that your piece is still a wood piece of furniture and should be cared for as such.
- Painted furniture still requires regular dusting with a damp cloth. When very soiled wash with a solution of mild, non-abrasive detergent and warm water. Wring a cloth nearly dry and work on a small section at a time, then rinse with clear water and dry after.
- Never leave water to settle on the surface as this will cause damage. Any liquid spilled onto the item should be cleaned up immediately using an absorbent cloth.
- AVOID chemical cleaners or liquid furniture polish including direct contact with greasy substances
- As with all natural wood products, there will be some movement within the parts as the furniture acclimatises to its surroundings, you may see slight chipping and cracks where panels meet, this is a completely natural occurrence with ALL painted products using natural solid timbers.
- Painted surfaces can be carefully touched up with matching paint. There will be various brush lines, slubs, and little inconsistencies in the painted finish, this is all part of the relaxed hand finished look and feel of hand painted collections.

#### How to care for Glass furniture

- Never use sharp items on the surface of the product. For example knives and utensils may damage the product. It is also advisable to place a mat under paper when writing.
- If the product component is chipped or broken, please consult the manufacturer, retailer or agent with regard to obtaining a manufacturing specification and shape for replacement glass quoting the model number and batch number.
- Do not use the glass as a chopping surface. Do not strike the glass with hard or pointed objects.
- Do not sit or stand on horizontal glass surfaces.
- Do not place very hot or very cold items against or in close proximity to a glass surface.
- The surface should be protected with coasters, trivets or placemats.
- All spills should be blotted up immediately. Do not wipe the spill or this may spread it. Clean the surface with a clean soft cloth (nonabrasive) and mild detergent or stone soap.

#### How to care for Marble furniture

- Never use sharp items on the surface of the product. For example knives and utensils may damage the product. It is also advisable to place a mat under paper when writing.
- The surface should be protected with coasters, trivets or placemats.
- All spills should be blotted up immediately, do not wipe the spill as this may make it spread.
- Clean the surface with a clean soft cloth (non-abrasive) and mild detergent or stone soap. Do not use cleaners containing acids.

#### How to care for Metal furniture

- Metal furniture requires minimal maintenance:
- Cleaning your metal furniture is very simple. Use a soft cotton cloth and clean with mild detergent or water, using a towel immediately dry the furniture afterwards.
- Metal furniture is usually damaged due to rust, as a precaution a soft wax after cleaning will help seal it.
- If it has a few spots of rust, you can treat it with rust remover, following the manufacturers guidelines. (some finishes are made to look like rust)
- Smudges and smears can be removed from metal furniture by using a window cleaner and a paper towel.
- Indoor metal furniture is not recommended for outdoor use.

#### How To Care For Paper Wicker and Paper Rush Product

- Since these seats are made from the same authentic paper fibre material that was used in a great deal of Wicker Furniture manufactured since 1904, the cleaning treatments are the same for both paper wicker and paper rush.
- Vacuum frequently, use a damp cloth to clean stubborn dirt, and a slightly wet toothbrush to get into tight corners. In case of
  accidental spillage, your best option is to act quickly! Immediately after spilling, first try use a paper towel and press firmly (not
  wipe) to soak up as much moisture as possible. If a colour stain remains, try a 'damp' cloth to soak up the stain. If this does not
  remove the colour stain, try gently 'wipe' the area with a damp sponge.
- **IMPORTANT:** Do not soak or immerse the seat in water. Try avoid excessive 'wiping' as this can damage the surface fibres of the paper. Never use harsh soaps or cleaning liquids on the paper cord seat as they can damage the material.

#### How to care for Outdoor Furniture

- The frame of the furniture is all-weather proof. However, although cushions are showerproof, you will need to store your cushions away when not in use to keep them at their best. They can be sponge cleaned with a gentle detergent. Avoid machine washing as this may affect the Fire Retardant coating. Before storage ensure cushions and upholstery are dry fully to avoid mould and mildew.
- We recommend using a parasol over dining sets on sunny days to protect from direct sunlight. In Windy conditions don't forget to store your furniture away especially a parasol.
- We recommend during winter months all garden sets are covered or stored in an out building.
- Never use sharp items on the surface of the product. For example knives and utensils may damage the product. It is also advisable to place a mat under paper when writing.
- Metal Furniture designed for outdoor use will age naturally due to the additional elements found in an exterior environment.
- It is quite normal for cast and wrought iron products to develop surface rust and this aged appearance of the metal is to be expected. The rust will not affect the integrity of the product but adds a rustic patina finish to the items. Most of our iron products are supplied to naturally age in this way.
- Metal products will age quicker when in close vicinity to the coast due to the increase of salt in the atmosphere.
- Steel and aluminium products will dull and corrode over time, again depending on placement and exposure to the elements.
- Some planters and furniture will have distressing, antiquing or faux rust already applied and this is a unique feature to depict a pre aged appearance.
- Be mindful when placing some products designed to rust as part of their feature as they could leave tarnishing when hung on a wall or placed on the ground.
- Metal furniture requires minimal cleaning and maintenance:
  - ✤ Use a soft cotton cloth and clean with mild detergent or water.
  - Specific metal cleaning products are available from hardware stores.
  - Smudges and smears can be removed from metal furniture by using a window cleaner and a paper towel.
  - Indoor metal furniture is not recommended for outdoor use.

## PLEASE KEEP THESE INSTRUCTIONS FOR FUTURE REFERENCE